

Chair

- record, no minutes distributed
- no press communication - no briefing → do not quote each other, but express own views ← that is unavoidable
- confidential meeting

- no report to Council of Ministers (Pöhl!)
but with presence of E. Pöhl. for formal reasons
in absence

2 days ago a working document leaked to press!

- Circled d'Aguiar letter → leaving
at a dinner to discuss them and to discuss

Discussion → no leaving, but D should discuss them in
a private group

W-report → Sparks, lets discuss them

Wend will be at the lunch in Lux, Chairman
of Committee

Conclusions → 2 reasons for lack of success

a) ext. circumstances, policy separate
discussed + that is lesson for future

i.e. greater coordination of what
happens outside

b) macroeconomic policy conception $\rightarrow$ at
that time narrow view of free-trade,
common & speed of effects were thought
to be easily measurable, that
was frustrated $\rightarrow$ clear with global
Dutch management also heavily to
national policy

Aggregates useful but no clear
actionable relationship to growth & price

c) if $Q_1, Q_2 \rightarrow$ construction of tools is
not helpful, from view
of monetary aggregates will not
be paid final result

$\rightarrow$ Thus can work as objectives
not as tool $\rightarrow$ a certain
objective will have to be reached,
tools can change

major conceptual $\rightarrow$ ex. v. $\rightarrow$ price level of
certain mechanisms not

/ obs $\rightarrow$ notion of monetary unit spelled out
in report;

substance $\rightarrow$ intrinsic weakness $\rightarrow$ tool $\rightarrow$ conception

Single Act →

Art. 20 → it does not set
an objective not in the Treaty

Art. 104; ... there is no new
objective, there is just the door;
change mechanism action

Ex. n. can be used → then; if not used other
balance mechanism

• L-Propulsion → is going to proceed with report

- political will
- breaking of system of mechanism of mechanism
- the function of objectives

however

EMU not functional (since 71) ... there has been progress
when it comes to ... objectives;

EMU appears to ... scheme

• end of the ...

EMU spread; there how much closer have we come
in last 14 ~~years~~ years

in W R → consistent emphasis on MCO,
possibly preceding EA;
perhaps it is too logical; to
much can be about inflation, not

hence a report from table not the best way
towards ECU, W R ~~has~~ ^{has} been
objective than 72 decision on time table;

and time table has sense of failure, depends
on success

Each of time table perhaps: lack of commitment,
should not be accepted; commitment of ECU irrevocable

W remains optimistic about time, argument
need of political will and changes therein

Allochols: and 74 and not 74 → not
much happened; since then a number of measures
& arrangements which are encouraging

in early stage p. will that not exist, then, results
were not achieved;

some hypothesis exists to place too much
emphasis on monetary integration; but it
should be parallel with ECU ^{not operate ECU}
no premature locking of ex. r., let not
force the pace; MCA should not be
forced ahead of ECU; stages of failure

thus → steps by steps, (step by step), ready
not clash for joint concept;
hypothesis in parallelism!

Plumberg → Not ultimate goal, = 1 answer as
direct result.....

EU = central market plan, maybe also
coord. of policies in other areas,
i.e. fiscal & budgetary

Not → ^{first} not objection; not against this by
itself; but not should be clear

Agree with paper → assessment → lack of effectiveness of
policy coord.

in mean time experience balanced chance of nations to depart;
unhindered of some political measures; but differences;
still transfer of sovereignty; → members → WR
impracticable; was hindrance (FECOM under structure of Council)

General Political

NE → emphasis on sub. price stability, must
be on basis of centralised institution
& to be sub. possible, ex. v. policy

Introduction
of
convergence

→ insufficient coord. of fiscal policy

Boyer → given no reason for lack of success of WR;
objection of monetary union was ambivalently accepted;
confidence in free trade; also SW system + ex. v.
like a buffer of shocks;

today $\rightarrow$ real shocks are less likely than
financial shocks $\rightarrow$ thus more problems
with financial stability, esp. after
function of capital markets

now objective of ex. r. policy more
desirable

~~but~~

not a monetarist or minimalist approach
but have an political decision (capital
markets) which have monetary consequences; ~~at least~~
have to prepare $\rightarrow$ evolution $\rightarrow$ to maintain
the working of the system as it did in the
past, given the danger of financial shocks,

a prudent approach; ~~now~~ is to see what
the monetary consequences of capital markets &
common market

Giangi $\rightarrow$ agree that analysis of reasons for failure of W.R.;
important to know why ERM was successful;
 $\rightarrow$ increased constraints on ex. r., but not devoid of
sufficient flexibility; $\rightarrow$ resources conserved; now
close to each other an infl. front, possible because
of pragmatic approach; system was administered because
of $\rightarrow$ by contributions which had gained confidence
 $\rightarrow$
that important for persistence for future steps

what are main components of EMU; esp.

what are EU - elements; EU cannot be split off from EMU; ↓

what component will help us to move on the EMU; of course, some things cannot be done on EMU;

There have been important changes in recent years, but differences in terms of demand & labour markets;

Thus → Europe with ultimate objectives

then consider steps (in a pragmatic approach) of how to get there, i.e. let us concentrate on the institutional field;

1st to be undertaken step must show that system can go further & to generate more confidence → where are we

Structure → We clearly define goals, let us know to reach it; (step by step) that will promote next step;

by step → basic part; esp. on institutional steps;

Why was it weak on institutional area? lack of political will or

important, maybe face the same situation

- goal of W was linked to G, now 12;
but it seems clear that W definition applies
now, if not, Europe at 2 speeds?
how to define + how to determine the speed!

- if steps by steps $\rightarrow$ then, how many stages?
objection on political + inst. time in each step.

Pöhl $\rightarrow$ don't forget mandate, EMU + MCU! how to
fit them!

Step 1 $\rightarrow$ what has been achieved since W
treaty should not be the problem; progress
towards EMU, e.g. convergence in ec. policy
objection + points; managed the EMU;
close monetary cooperation in EMU; network
of large credit facilities

- parallel valid in WR $\rightarrow$ emphasis on parallelism;
EMU needs close cooperation in fiscal policies +
macro-ec. policies; imbalances in real economies
need progress on all levels of coordination
may have ^{institutional} consequences on fiscal policies +
regional policies; system of financial transfers;

convergence
of a
more
fixed
X-1.

need definition what we aim at. Final
goal must be clear; WR provides good definitions

Reba → BR main problem → lack of political will

at present → difference between current conditions
much less than at time of BR,
i.e. policies have changed; greater
conformity;

difference in conception + looking
at things much less than in early 70s

have to have clear vision of final objectives; now clearer
than then; also know what effects it implies;

things must provide additional things

formal table must have a certain rigidity; there must
be certain constraints, otherwise too vague;

program not equal spread on all areas impossible;

what things → look at ERM, first small things
lead to greater convergence

Ch. Coenen: have learned a great deal since early 70s;
conditions for convergence are different now

of convergence by understanding of economics. (from
Gunn's claim's carry much weight; rethinking of
flexibility of ex-ante)

then, we can do better than W;

idea of parallelism impossible, no convergence,
essential for fiscal + inc. policies little progress in monetary

in monetary union, make progress since the
→ central framework, system is open to two speeds;
Europe full of multilateral banks, then
progress has been made;

then to proceed?

→ describe the objective; simple, as put in WR
perhaps elaborate first scenario a little bit;

→ consistent → steps that take us there; W mistakes
should be avoided;

↓

phases weren't clearly worked out, and
the links weren't worked out;

→ also be realistic; we are not all equal (not
all in monetary union); steps have to allow
for flexibility

→ parallelism → a first step towards EMU, then
a next step in view of fiscal policy harmonization;

then Gov. should be involved in anything to
do with monetary institution; EMU Gov. no
future since under Council direction;

steps to set up an embryo (Gov. do
things jointly), which central power with progress
and more & more responsibility should be given
to it

Mavrou → one additional reason for to failure →
impossible to connect all hypotheses
confronting the alternative in the future;
Therefore pragmatic; step by step goes
a clear definition of EMU

link objectives of EMU x objectives that
community has done with respect to
internal market

one step = creation of single market; then
what should follow after that;

system in parallelism; monetary program / others;
with (integral) cohesion smaller than not time
of WR; with not to achieve objectives
are more greater than at time of WR.

Hofmeyer → a) impossible to have clear definitions → EMU (or WR)
it there a difference to the market in FR
which is to be pursued for an additional step?

b) not too prescriptive & necessary the WR;
one feature common with other experience →
you think ^{you} have a goal & you think
you have the means → e.g. the EMCT;
the market is placed in the position as EMU;

why has it been necessary to create these
institutions in a workable way? still progress
in understanding the problem

Chadwick → special reference to common law
Europe needed an institution of ERM

but politicisation → ERM should not
be seen as a 'technical' institution
as regional disparities; need policy
action to avoid;

minimum
requirements

→ must be consistent with social cohesion;
not enough to avoid competitive distortions

ERM → may be reached gradually; M1 program
not ~~not~~ possible without fiscal harmonization;

budget deficit program conditions as underlying policy
harmonization

then, coordinated efforts to coordinate fiscal policy

minimum high budgetary measures at first stage;
but program ^{restricted} of convergence in int.

then ERM can be moved into a firm
time commitment to price, without a
distortion to their economy

Goodhart → agree with analysis of WR;

Definition of objectives → WR ok!

but EM → might be more highly eliminated

on the assessment $\rightarrow$ of policy convergence but capital; firms
learning doesn't work;

b) showing that there is more uncertainty
on the need for free movement of
capital

c) now more aware of advantages
of E.U. constraints

Need to write another chapter on conflict between
monetarist & economist

We can now admit that money causes a powerful
symbolic effect; a Europ. monetary union has advantages;
certain steps cannot be made without keeping; should
remember features of EMU;

Thygesen $\rightarrow$ also defend 1st stage; also make established;

monetary integration has the threat of ec. integration;
also do not draw from WR conclusion of need for
parallelism;

budgetary progress in ec. union has caught up; might
conclude that monetary integration has the threat

MA in comb. with ECU has benefit; if there
are 17 currencies;

Doyle $\rightarrow$ damaged but not surprised when looking at the
mandate; WR doesn't explain but ... makes it
possible...

Qualifications are all important $\rightarrow$ in LR ...

Taking a practical approach - what are we expected to produce? Given the things that can be resolved today, but those that can be $\rightarrow$ is a legal political obstacle.

Whether measures taken $\rightarrow$ Europ. Council might push the things are

Some form of
EU cannot be done without political union;
not enough to design a transfer mechanism;
from present to EMU - union has int. re. policy
to discussion of regional policy

Somewhere on the way to EMU, there will have to be a
single currency; the differences between countries will show up as
imbalances, possibly on large members;

with fixed ex. r. how is the adjustment
process taken place $\rightarrow$ lab. & inv. position of adjustment
at present; what method of adjustment lab.? movement of
factors of production, labour, capital? Not very practical; but
some adjustment is needed;

Then, what is EMU for us $\rightarrow$ an element of
political union; transfer of resources ^{cash} through budgets
but also a regional dimension ^{is needed in} of such policy.

de Larosiere $\rightarrow$ not practically game ex. r. option, by
going to τ ; had to use other means than
structural adjustment τ ;

shouldn't make a dominant argument
that ex. r. is the main adjustment instruments;

regional problems in $\tau \rightarrow$ not a vert. the
transfer of resources but mobility of factors of
production

Campobasso $\rightarrow$ in the same problem $\rightarrow$ Moss. Redon was
helped by means of production

a summation of changes since $\rightarrow$ financial
integration at the world-wide level;

(examples: a) ^{financial} structure movements will
cause problems with rest
of the world

b) ex. r. stability may have
effect on trade flows;

ERM has kept effective ex. r.
rel. stable; financial integration
worldwide $\rightarrow$ have to keep the impact
from the outside $\rightarrow$ see worldwide
stock market crash; financial

Pohl $\rightarrow$ question of ex. r.; not mentioned in paper;
have to draw a distinction between a world of
fixed and adjustable ex. rates. may have to
make Gov. aware of their consequences;

e.g. you need a much bigger common budget;
flexible wage policy in regions

as long as possibility of ex. r. changes, the pressure
not that great; can accommodate them by ex. r. movements
& i-rates;

proposal → I - check in report with to R,
II - what has been achieved & what not

III } Proposals → Each one should
make proposals at the
next meeting

Wijk - Pöhl → EMU needs a political element
(or consensus), regional policy is done by the
existence of a political union in F, G...; we don't
have that yet in Europe

Ch. Lawson → but don't make ex. r. adjustment the only
instrument to solve regional problems

Noyle → U.K. don't had ec. union → adjustment through factors of
production; some regional problems in U.K.

Myrskott → Council should take possible ECU & MU
into; that would not be enough

Boyer → what definition of EMU → a) WR or b)
parallel common denominator acceptable here? But that might not be
acceptable to Gov., then highly academic!

of Com. except inconvertible fixed ex. r. ; only far-reaching
consequences

but can we take that as a basis? Do we want to start from
there? Will Government agree with that?

Rabat → in favour of less increasing ex. r. fixing;
but that does not mean to be far fixing;
in 15 years ahead, countries have become sufficiently
homogeneous to have stabilising mechanisms
without ex. r. action?

~~of ex. r.~~ ~~to~~

~~Chair: bank programme~~

Aix-la-Chapelle → Boyer doubts suggested; There is a
March 1971 resolution adopted by Gov. of
Community

- free flow of funds
- have a single currency area, inconvertible
ex. r.
- institution to administer the union

Thus, no doubts about the final objective

Pöhl → use definition of UR; if other → no discussion
of single currency + central bank;
can discuss soft union; with ex. r. adjustability;
and say that is no realistic chance for EMU;

Char.

Weak programme

- Technical complex questions have been underemphasised in Hannover, - these difficulties have to be sorted out in great detail;

~~Weak~~

Elements:

- Review WR, show elements with which you agree

be more optimistic than the WR paper → there has been a change.

3 comments:

- at Council in Hannover → all against the time in possibly movement in Europe, Gov. asked the first on area of central banks

4 main thrusts: a) EMU should be the of heads of Government
second because to Europ. bank

b) in addition, if EMU added to EU, we will reach political union faster

c) others say EMU may have to be added later

d) EMU = crowning of a development

- have to give Gov. more a choice between the
↓ thoughts;

- then (the Gov.) want to take a political decision; but have
to show techn. implications

Goal → Member for progress since 75;

a) high market

b) not possible without high. change, important
role

c) strengthening of a common political decision

From Single Act to now a Treaty

also social dimension

Governments want to know where they are going

Goal → There are some limits → 1990 cycle
instruments; differences seem to increase;
need common agreement on fiscal
& budget harmonization;

Facts are ahead of ideas in Europe; that
leads to further change

to R in a context of nothing was moving;
but innovation in policies; but now; moving;
have 15 years of experience; today a more
powerful Europe

- Where do we want to go?
This has to be clarified; do we have to achieve
a MM?

Let's say we start from a certain standpoint,

&

for lux: → based on MM definition,

1) anyone can and look at the risk, macro-ec.
insurance it? prop. locations
optimization; question of regional imbalances;
↓ ↓ example → ↓ should

2nd step

what transfer of sovereignty;
what / character has to be accepted in Community.

2) what would a Europ. central bank be like? what system?
what objectives
independence
instruments ...
How would we get there?

3) Assessment of EMS? (Character of Community of Gov.?)
Also → someone has to look at question of
parallel currency?

Can → either give a definition of EMS; or set new one?

LR definition generally accepted. Perhaps soft EMS?

Not want having a definition on MM, but on
EM; what are the elements that have to be present by

make clear what ^{is} needed to make the work;
harmoniously.

Chair → suggesting towards EMU

where we are

~~not~~ get any far as we wanted at
some time.

Confidence → what happened at summit? Not Head of State
not think that 1992 implementation; should
be not mean also on monetary policy.

Chair → at summit → facts & politics

↙
- function of
capital
- mutual

↘
positive statements by
major politicians;

↓
ambitions on monetary;

Chair → what do we expect? No philosophical & theoretical
statements;

Mandate → under Monetary Union, Harmonisation of
go into substance; progress should
allow the Heads of State to have his discussion
on Maastricht

Answer simple questions?

- Do we have a mechanism for monitoring women? Or
or cooperation structure
- What would be the benefits of MU? for
members, consumers, policy-makers; help the
marketing people work in the ambience
- What are the players involved in MU if no
program by EC in fiscal ... areas
- If ECIS option, function of institution + standards.
- Miscellaneous questions → Parallel monitoring

Chair → Study in depth the impact of ultimate
objection on institutions;
EU + MU consequences
should be made very clear.

Chairwoman → defining normative horizon separately, but
lets not bury ourselves of concepts of ec. + marketing
space;
we have already some sort of marketing
cooperation and think on how usefully we can
improve it markedly; marketing has to grow

Phrasing → Definition & implications of 71 articles
was re-confirmed by Heads, in 1972
now revised, in Hannover
repeated;
↓

Definition is there; doesn't spell out all
implications; that is objective of our work;
is that the proposal?

● - Assessment of EMS system? Chairman of Com. of Gov.

- ECB → need a paper on that; maximum degree of
ambiguity; BBL study?

- Parallel currency → might want a look on that; willing
to do that it himself; not a first
priority

● Wijk - Paper → papers in time? Minutes not circulated?
Have to be used to make sure that they are
correct.

Chair → afraid that they will be circulated;

Grandjean → Putting up of Chairman → main conclusion!

Chair → Look at the 2 BSL;

Chair → ~~Chairman~~ Chairman → further hope; if checked, then changes of measures;
have been heard needs;

Pöhl is used for within market; can be on publication of work;

1) Start with objectives EU + MS
+ consequences of
what for fiscal policy, wage ...

2) One consequence $\rightarrow$ meet our contribution $\rightarrow$
describe as a model of what it
could look like

3) Parallel money; a framework, if study
needed, ok? ~~can provide~~

4) EMS

But have to make proposals for Heads; but there
are other proposals, relating to EMS, which fall into
the competence of other groups; that should not be discussed
there, or Com. of Gov.;

de Larosière $\rightarrow$ no discussion of Agreement; ok; but if
we discuss evolution from embryo; develop a small
organisation with pools of resources $\rightarrow$ that should be
discussed here;

i.e. not only a description of future plans

Pohl → Gov. have to decide on proofs of reserves?
setting up of new institutions

The Gov. have to decide if
not make new institutions

Ther → work programme:

- assessment of W plan, in light of discussion
- evolution of EMU

Parallel currency → D-mark
EMF ↔ ECIB → BBL?

EMU

take decision,

what would the duplication be; one
week before the meeting, September,

take into account what happens to convergence
share.

Pohl → Paper on EMU by BBL, as basis for
next meeting

in Gov. at 10⁰⁰ - on 10th Oct.

in EEC Lindberg building

1-3 - 6

After the meeting

1) Summary of meeting!

2) Document on the W-report, amended in the light of the discussion } for the report

3) ECU assessments

4) Parallel currency $\rightarrow$

5) EMU $\Leftrightarrow$ ECU

Creation of a new fund; position of H.M.S.; and a Directorate

$\hookrightarrow$ Directorate will make a paper

Hydrogen
at first
step

instruction paper

6) Final stage; implications, harmonization;

7) Statement of central bank $\rightarrow$ Thygesen

8) Pöhl paper $\rightarrow$ as background for meeting;

ECOTIN meeting in ^{5 Dec} 1978; reviewing the
2nd phase;

check with 1971

19 Sept. 11⁰⁰ - 17³⁰

ideal

now

1972

the meeting was not feasible

or other items of Ec. time
have to be on place